

Twincat Library: Accessing Drive Registers

Application Note

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004	2015-10-13	dg	Update register names
005	2017-11-20	mvx	Add EtherCAT versions
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1 Target and Purpose

The Triamec TwinCat library comes with basic sample codes for NCI and CNC. This application note describes additional functions available in this library.

This note describes how to read and write to drive (dsp or fpga) registers through an edge trigger. If an

application requires cyclic information at a high rate, consider AN105.

2 PLC Code for TrialLink devices

The code below sets the motor **temperature sensor type** and **-limit** and reads the **temperature**.

The SET input of **TL_MC_RegisterWrite** depends on the input data type. Use

- setBin to specify an integer value
- setFloat to specify a float value
- The "setBin" version must be used, whenever $0 <> \text{setReg AND TL_REG_FLOAT32_MASK}$

The GET outputs of **TL_MC_RegisterRead** depend on the data type. Use

- GetBin to read an integer value (DWORD)
- GetFloat to read a float or integer value

The value is set or read after a positive edge on Execute.

Declaration in MAIN_SLOW

```
motorTemperature           : TL_MC_RegisterRead;
motorTemperatureLimit      : TL_MC_RegisterWrite;
motorSensorType            : TL_MC_RegisterWrite;
```

and the code

```
motorSensorType.Execute    := gAxis[4].ready;
motorSensorType.SetReg     := gAxis[4].MC_Axis.register.GenPar.MotorSensor.SensorType;
motorSensorType.SetBin     := TL_C.GenPar.MotorSensorType.KTY84;
motorSensorType(axis:=gAxis[4].MC_axis, Trialink:=Trialink);

motorTemperatureLimit.Execute := motorSensorType.Done AND (Trialink.Trialink.OccationalTimer <> 333);
motorTemperatureLimit.SetReg  := gAxis[4].MC_Axis.register.GenPar.MotorSensor.UpperErrorLevel;
motorTemperatureLimit.SetFloat := 80;
motorTemperatureLimit(axis:=gAxis[4].MC_axis, Trialink:=Trialink);

motorTemperature.Execute    := Communication_Ready;
motorTemperature.SetReg     := gAxis[4].MC_Axis.register.GenSig.MotorTemperature;
motorTemperature(axis:=gAxis[4].MC_axis, Trialink:=Trialink);
```

Note, that the IN_OUT parameter **axis** uses the PLCopen-Axis "**.MC_axis**" of type **TL_MC_AXIS_REF** not the general axis module "**gAxis[4]**" of type **TL_AxisSlow**.

Use intelliSense to find the possible registers and constants.

For TSD80 drives, the two registers are:

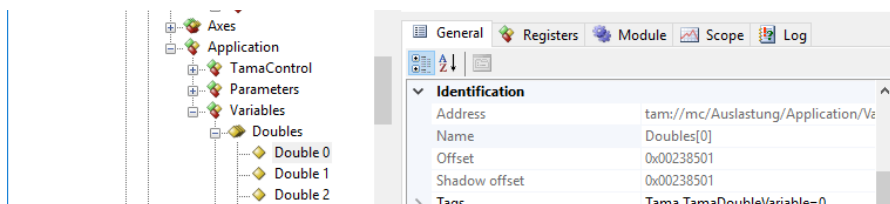
```
gAxis[4].MC_Axis.register2.Axes[x].Environment.MotorTemperatureSensorType
gAxis[4].MC_Axis.register2.Axes[x].Environment.MotorTemperatureUpperLimit
```

3 EtherCAT devices

Triamec EtherCAT drives support two register ranges. The first set is published to TwinCAT by the COE-Information method. As a consequence, these are shown in the TwinCAT tab “COE-Online”. A second range is not shown directly. This large set of registers is usually accessed using the TAM System Explorer when tuning the axis-motor-drive system. Nevertheless, the registers can be accessed from TwinCAT by the same method as those published as COE-Information.

3.1 Find the COE address

Open the TAM System Explorer and select the register in the tree view to your left. Use the tab “General” and find the entry “Offset”. The upper 16 bits are the index and the lower 8 bits are the subIndex.



Note: Most registers are 32 Bit wide. Some registers are 64Bit wide (mainly positions). The concept of arrays is

- REAL or INT array indices {0, 1, 2, ...} use subIndices = {1, 2, 3, ...}
- LREAL array indices {0, 1, 2, ...} use subIndices = {1, 3, 5, ...}

3.2 Using the Triamec library

The Triamec library is a wrapper of the TwinCAT COE access functions.

Declaration

```
axis          : use TE_AxisDirect or TE_AxisNci (or TE_AxisCnc of the sample code);
readReg       : TE_RegisterReadInt32;
writeReg      : TE_RegisterWriteInt32;
```

Configuration

```
axis.config.driveId      := 1004;           // see adapter netId
axis.config.netId        := '192.168.10.99.2.1'; // see drive EtherCAT Addr
```

code to read an integer register

```
State0:
  readReg(axis:=axis, execute := FALSE);
State1:
  readReg.address := 16#238701;
  readReg(axis:=axis, execute := TRUE);
  IF readReg.done THEN
    // result is available in readReg.value
    readReg(axis:=axis, execute := FALSE);
  END_IF
```

code to write an integer register

```
state0:
  write(axis:=axis, execute := FALSE);
State1:
  write.value      := 137;
  write.address := 16#238701;
  write(axis:=axis, execute := TRUE);
  IF write.done THEN
    write(axis:=axis, execute := FALSE);
  END_IF
```

3.3 Using standard TwinCAT functions

Add the library Tc2_EtherCAT and declare functions for read and write

```
netId      : STRING(23) := '192.168.10.99.2.1'; // see adapter netId
driveId     : UINT := 1001;           // see drive EtherCAT Addr
valueRd     : REAL;
valueWr     : LREAL := 1.2345678;
readReg     : FB_EcCoeSdoRead;
writeReg    : FB_EcCoeSdoWrite;
```

to read Application.Variables.Floats[1]

```
readReg.sNetId := netId;
readReg.nSlaveAddr := driveId;
readReg( nIndex:=16#2386, nSubIndex :=2, pDstBuf:= ADR(valueRd), cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(valueRd));
```

to write Application.Variables.Doubles[1]

```
writeReg.sNetId := netId;
writeReg.nSlaveAddr := driveId;
writeReg(nIndex:=16#2385, nSubIndex :=3, pSrcBuf:= ADR(valueWr),cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(valueWr));
```

Then set bExecute to FALSE and TRUE to start the transaction.

Please note that the type of the variables readReg and writeReg must correspond to the type of the Drive register (DINT, REAL, LREAL).

4 Committing Parameters

Changing one of these registers takes immediate action:

- Axes[].Commands.*
- Axes[].Information.*
- Axes[].Parameters.Motor.TemperatureSensorType and TemperatureUpperLimit

Other registers of type "Parameters", however, require an action to become active. This allows changing a set of controller parameters in a controlled manner. This commit action is commanded by setting the following Boolean to True.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| ▪ Set | After changing parameters |
| ▪ General.Commands.CommitParameter | General |
| ▪ Axes[].Commands.PathPlanner.CommitParameter | PathPlanner |
| ▪ Axes[].Commands.PositionController.CommitParameter | PositionController or Commutation |
| ▪ Axes[].Commands.CurrentController.CommitParameter | CurrentController or Motor |

The Boolean is reverted to False automatically, when the commit finished. Do not change any parameters before the last commit finished.